

## PLAY CLOCK OPERATOR INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The play clock is the official delay-of-game timepiece.
- 2. The play clock should be set to 40 seconds one count after a visual signal from the official covering the play that the ball is dead, unless there is an administrative stoppage in the game. [See No. 10 below.]. There will be no ready-for-play whistle or chop from the Referee when the play clock is to be set for 40 seconds, although the Referee will re-start the game clock (with a silent wind) after it was stopped for a first down inbounds.
- 3. If the play ends inbounds and a first down is not gained, the covering official gives this visual signal to re-set the play clock by raising his hand. If the play results in a first down, ends out-of-bounds or results in an incomplete pass, the covering official signals to stop the game clock, which also constitutes the signal to re-set the play clock to 40 seconds after pausing for one count.
- 4. If you do not see a visual signal from the covering official, wait until you are sure the play has ended and then start the 40-second count on the play clock.
- 5. If there is a delay of game foul, the play clock should be left at zero (:00) until the Referee has completed his signals to the Press Box and the penalty is administered. Set the play clock to 25 seconds.
- 6. If the Referee interrupts the 40-second count, the play clock should be re-set to 25 seconds.
- 7. If there is a significant delay in marking the ball ready-for-play, the Back Judge will interrupt play and the Referee will ask that the play clock be re-set to 25 seconds and started on the Referee's ready-for-play signal or the snap, as indicated by the Referee.
- 8. The play clock should be turned-off if the game clock will expire before the time to be placed on the play clock will expire.
- 9. If there is a malfunction, the Referee will determine when both play clocks will be turned-off.
  - (a) Both coaches should be notified if the play clock is no longer official.
  - (b) The Back Judge will time the count on his watch until the play clocks are restarted.
- 10. The play clock should always be set to 25 seconds after the following situations and started on the Referee's ready-for-play signal or the snap, as indicated by the Referee:

Penalty Administration
Measurement
PAT
Charged Team Timeout
Kick-off
Media Timeout
To Award a First Down to the Other Team [The play clock is set to 40 seconds after a stoppage of the game clock to award a first down inbounds to the team in possession.]
Prior to First Play of Each Series in Overtime
An injury
A player losing his helmet
Other Administrative Stoppages
Start of Each Quarter

11. If the Referee or Back Judge pumps one hand, the play clock should be set to 25 seconds; if he pumps two hands, the play clock should be set to 40 seconds.